"The Depth of a Christian Title" Philemon 1:1-3

- A <u>prisoner</u> for Christ Jesus (Ephesians 3:1-13):
 - Paul was a prisoner of Christ on behalf of the Gentiles so that they could hear and share in the gospel (Ephesians 3:1 & 6).
 - It was a grace that Paul had the privilege to be a prisoner and a minister of the unsearchable riches of Christ (Ephesians 3:7-8).
 - It is a gracious and good thing to suffer for doing good/the gospel. Christ has given us this example (1 Peter 2:19-21).
 - It was through the gospel that men and women could confidently and boldly by faith have access to God; this kind of message is a grace to suffer for (Ephesians 3:12-13).
- A brother or sister in Christ (Philemon 1:7 & 16 & 20):
 - I should receive much joy from my brothers and sisters in Christ (1 John 1:4; 2 John 1:4; 3 John 1:4; 1 Corinthians 12:26).
 - I should receive comfort from my brothers and sisters in Christ (2 Corinthians 1:3-5; Psalm 119:50; 1 Thessalonians 5:11).
 - I should receive refreshment from my brothers and sisters in Christ (1 Corinthians 16:15-18; 2 Timothy 1:16-18; Romans 15:32).
- A fellow worker in Christ (1 Corinthians 3:9)
 - A fellow worker can be a couple (Romans 16:3-4/Aquila and Priscella) a man (Philemon 1:1) or a woman (Phillipians 4:2-3/Euodia and Syntyche).
 - You are a fellow worker for the gospel when you risk your life so that the gospel can continue to be spread (Romans 16:4).
 - You are a fellow worker when you live out the gospel by having a concern for others welfare at the expense of your own (Philippians 2:20-22).
 - You are a fellow worker when you provide finances, labor, prayers and encouragement for the furthering of the gospel (Philippians 2:25 & 4:18; Colossians 4:12).
- A fellow soldier (Philippians 2:25; Colossians 4:17; 2 Timothy 2:1-4; 1 Corinthians 9:7-11).
 - o 6 Characteristics of fellow soldiers:
 - They are faithful men (2 Timothy 2:2).
 - They teach the Word (2 Timothy 2:2).
 - They handle suffering well (2 Timothy 2:3).
 - They don't get entangled in the cares of the world (2 Timothy 2:4).
 - They aim to please Christ (2 Timothy 2:4).
 - They give their lives to the gospel (1 Corinthians 9:7-11).
- The church in your house (Acts 12:12; Colossians 4:15; 1 Corinthians 16:19; Romans 16:5; Romans 16:23).
 - It was a normative practice in the New Testament for churches to be held in houses.
 - These home churches were to be free from confusion (1 Corinthians 14:33) but were to be decent and orderly (1 Corinthians 14:40).
 - These home churches were supposed to be led by male eldership (Acts 14:23; 1 Timothy 2:12;
 1 Timothy 3:1-7).
 - These home churches had received specific instruction on how to operate for the glory of God (1 Timothy 3:15).

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- Other facts about the book of Philemon:
 - o Paul does not emphasize his Apostolic authority because it is a letter written to a friend.
 - o Titus, Timothy, and Philemon were the only ones to receive personal letters from Paul.
 - Paul wanted this letter read to the whole church for a lesson on forgiveness and for accountability.

• Philemon 1:3

- o Grace is the means of salvation.
- Peace is the result of salvation.
- o "God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ" points to the deity of Christ.